









Highlights 1H16

Banking with a human touch

- People-oriented: Several banking industry-specific awards contributing to overall increased customer satisfaction scores
- Social: successful start of 'Mortgage term monitoring service'
- Sustainable: balance sheet 23% climate neutral at the end of June (YE15: 22%)

Commercial developments

- SNS Bank welcomed 101,000 new customers: net growth of 30,000
- Sharp increase in new mortgage production to €1.5bn (+67%): market share new retail mortgages higher at 4.8% (2015: 4.1%)
- Retail mortgage portfolio virtually stable at €45.0bn compared to year-end 2015
- Slight increase in retail savings balances to €37.7bn (+2%): stable market share of 10.8%

Financial performance

- Net profit of €181m (1H15: €244m), negatively impacted by a swing of €59m net in unrealised results on mortgages and related derivatives
- Slightly lower net profit excluding one-off items of €193m (1H15: €197m), mainly driven by lower net interest income and higher operating expenses, largely offset by a release from loan provisions
- Improved credit quality retail mortgage portfolio; strong decline in loans in arrears
- Adjusted Return on Equity of 11.5% (1H15: 12.9%)
- Strong CET1 ratio of 26.6% (YE15: 25.3%); Leverage ratio: 4.8% (YE15: 4.7%)

Update on strategy

- SNS Bank's strategy aimed at creating value for all stakeholders
- Focus on implementation of strategic plan in coming years: strengthening of social identity, enhancing business operations by aiming for simplicity and efficiency and tightening our innovation policy as a 'smart adopter'

With its core products, mortgages, savings and payments, SNS Bank has strengthened its market positions and posted solid financial results in 1H16

Update on strategy

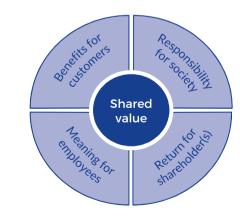
Strategic update: Optimising shared value

Outcome strategic review

• Based on an extensive strategic review, SNS Bank re-affirmed its choice to be a safe retail bank that offers simple and transparent products in the areas of mortgages, savings and payments to Dutch retail customers. In addition, smaller enterprises can be serviced as retail customers

- SNS Bank wants to bring about a turnaround of the predominantly product-driven banking model to a model
 organised around customers' needs: payments are not just about vying for the customer's favour, but about the
 need for a safe digital wallet; savings are not just about retail funding, but about reliably managing financial
 buffers; mortgages not just assets in which to invest, but about making housing wishes come true
- SNS Bank's mission 'banking with a human touch' has remained unchanged. To live up to this mission, SNS Bank has formulated an ambition based on the principle of shared value. Shared value is directed towards social and economic, as well as financial and non-financial aspects, which go hand in hand

SNS Bank's ambition is to optimise shared value by creating benefits for customers, taking responsibility for society, providing meaning for its employees and achieving adequate returns for its shareholder(s)



SNS Bank: Mission, ambition, profile & priorities

Mission

Banking with a human touch

People-oriented - Social - Sustainable

SNS Bank's ambition is to optimise shared value by...

creating benefits for customers.

taking responsibility for society,

providing meaning for its employees and

achieving adequate returns for its shareholder(s).

Profile



Focus on Dutch retail customers



4 distinctive brands



3 core products: mortgages, savings, payments



Single back office, strong IT organisation and central staff organisation

Priorities

We will strengthen our social identity

We will further simplify and enhance the efficiency of our business operations

We will continue to develop towards a flexible organisation that innovates as a smart adopter

2 Manifesto ambitions & commercial developments

Manifesto ambitions: Initiatives in 1H16



- Successful start of Mortgage term monitoring service: since the introduction in November 2015, SNS has contacted more than 85.000 customers
- SNS introduced a purchase protection insurance linked to a debit card, the first bank in the Netherlands to do so
- RegioBank expanded its financial services in smaller villages and communities by opening ATMs and service counters



Social

- SNS Bank actively participates in organisations that aim to further develop financial education for individuals.
 In 1H16, SNS Bank employees gave over 500 guest lessons at primary schools as part of National Money
 Week
- BLG Wonen continued to make it easier for first-home buyers to purchase a house by offering sharper rates and a step-by-step guide in the mortgage application process
- ASN Bank continued to successfully promote its philosophy of sustainable banking



- At the end of the first half of 2016, SNS and RegioBank took further initiatives to reduce the carbon footprint of our mortgage loan portfolio by including the 'sustainable living' theme in their customer mortgage advice interviews and proactively approaching customers about finalising their energy label
- At the end of June 2016, SNS Bank's balance was 23% climate neutral (year-end 2015: 22%)
- SNS opened its first circular shop in Zoetermeer. Materials used in this shop are suitable for re-use and have an extended life-span. SNS intends to build all new shops based on these circular principles

Overall improvement in customer satisfaction levels

Net Promoter Score (NPS in %)

Brand	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	1H16	Trend 2010-1H16
A cue	/7	22	25	20	20	2/	-19	
♦ SNS	-67	-33	-35	-39	-28	-26	-19	
ASN & BANK	+19	+34	+22	+19	+12	+19	+14	^
RegioBank	-33	-18	-8	-7	-7	+5	0	
BLGwonen				-15	-14	-42	-27	
Weighted average	-41	-16	-17	-21	-16	-11	-9	

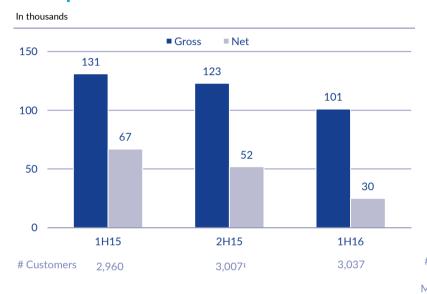
* BLG Wonen's measurement started in 1H13

- Weighted average NPS of all brands improved from -11% at YE15 to -9%
- NPS of SNS improved in 1H16 to the highest score ever measured
- ASN Bank's NPS decreased slightly. ASN Bank continued to have one of the highest customer satisfaction levels in the industry
- Slightly lower NPS at RegioBank
- BLG Wonen's NPS showed a strong rebound after decrease in 2015. Sharp drop in 2015 was due to first time inclusion of former RBD customers

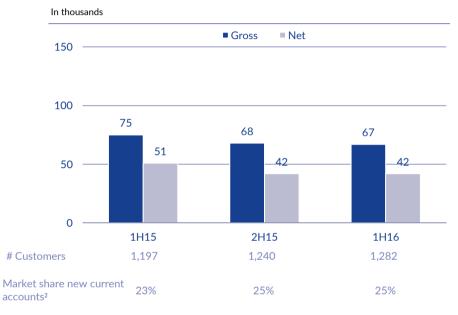


Customer growth driven by increase in current accounts

Development customers SNS Bank



Development current account customers SNS Bank

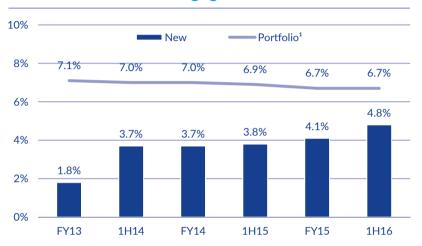


- Together the brands of SNS Bank welcomed 101,000 new customers (net growth: 30,000) in 1H16
- Net growth of 30,000 lower vs 1H15 mainly due to termination of 'spaarloon' accounts, resulting in an outflow of savings customers. In addition there was an outflow of investment customers due to phasing-out of investment propositions
- 67,000 (42,000 net) new current account customers in 1H16
- In 2015 and 1H16, one out of four new current accounts in the Netherlands was opened at one of our brands: ASN Bank, RegioBank and SNS

[1] Includes an adjustment compared to YE15 disclosed figures (-5k) due to changes in definition [2]TOF Tracker, quarterly market research published by GfK

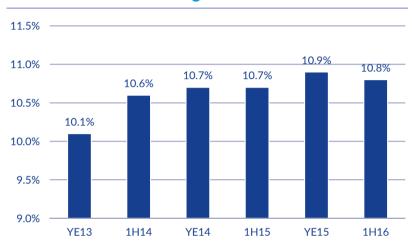
Strong growth in new retail mortgage production; virtually stable market share in retail savings

Market share retail mortgages



- New retail mortgage production increased to €1.5bn (+67%).
 However, in a growing market, market share was up only slightly
- Target market share new retail mortgages: 5-8%. As of April 2016 market share (per month) is within targeted range for the first time since 2013
- Retail mortgage portfolio virtually stable at €45.0bn compared to YE15
- Market share of 6.7% based on total retail mortgage loan portfolio slightly lower, due to high level of redemptions of €1.6bn (1H15: €1.5bn)

Market share retail savings



- Retail savings balances increased to €37.7bn, up €0.8bn compared to YE15, partly due to annual interest accrual in January
- Market share in retail savings remained relatively stable at 10.8%, in line with our >10% target

[1] Total mortgages based on CBS data (previously DNB data)

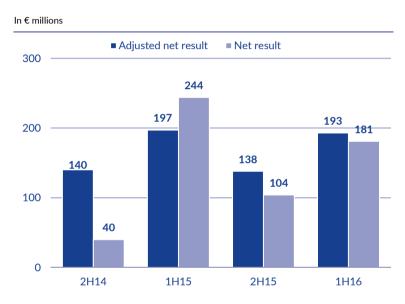
5 Financial performance 1H16

Slightly lower adjusted net profit in 1H16

Result

In € millions	1H15	2H15	1H16	Δ ΥοΥ
Net result for the period	244	104	181	-26%
Book loss sale SNS Securities NV		-22		
Fair value movements of mortgages/related derivatives	47	-12	-12	
Total one-off items	47	-34	-12	
Adjusted net result for the period	197	138	193	-2%
Return on Equity	16.0%	6.5%	10.8%	
Adjusted Return on Equity	12.9%	8.6%	11.5%	

Result



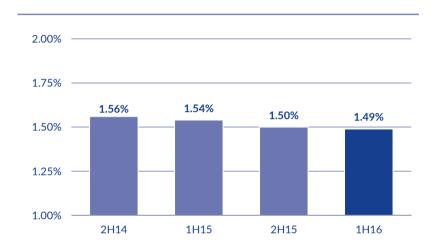
- Net profit of €181m (1H15: €244m), negatively impacted by a swing of €59m in unrealised results on mortgages and related derivatives (former DBV mortgage loans)
- Slightly lower adjusted net profit of €193m, mainly driven by lower net interest income and higher operating expenses, including the impact of regulatory levies, mostly offset by a release from loan provisions

Lower total adjusted income mainly due to lower net interest income

Income

In € millions	1H15	2H15	1H16	Δ ΥοΥ
Net interest income	515	479	472	-8%
Net fee and commission income	24	24	31	29%
Investment income	32	10	37	16%
Result on financial instruments	63	-24	-31	
Other operating income	1	1	1	0%
Total income	635	490	510	-20%
One-off items	62	-15	-16	
Adjusted income	573	505	526	-8%

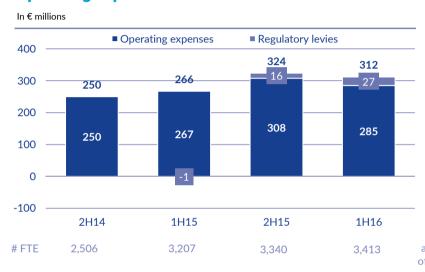
Net interest margin (% of average assets)



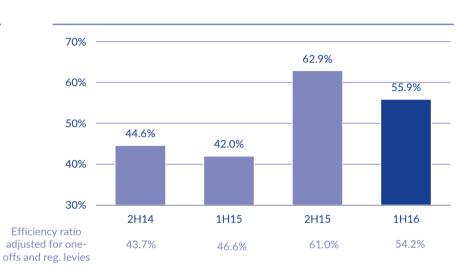
- Net interest income decreased by €43m YoY, mainly as a result of high (early) renewals at lower mortgage rates in 2015 and 1H16 and a lower mortgage portfolio compared to 1H15
- Net interest margin as percentage of average assets of 1.49% holding up well compared to previous periods
- Net fee and commission income increased by €7m due to higher received management fees as a result of higher assets under management
- Investment income increased by €5m due to a gain resulting from the sale of SNS Bank's share in VISA Europe Ltd (€10m), more than compensating
 for lower realised gains on fixed-income investments
- Swing of €94m negative in result on financial instruments of which €78m due to fair value movements of former DBV mortgages and related derivatives and €15m due to hedge ineffectiveness results on derivatives
- Adjusted income in 1H16 declined compared to 1H15 with €47m, mainly due to lower net interest income

Increase in total operating expenses

Operating expenses



Efficiency ratio adjusted for regulatory levies



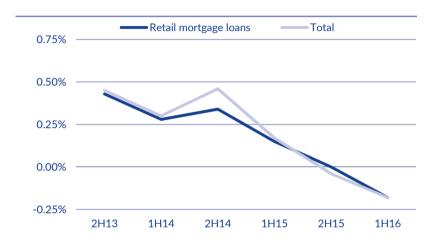
- Total operating expenses increased by €46m to €312m, partly due to regulatory levies (+€28m)
- In 1H16 regulatory levies amounted to €27m of which €8m related to the ex-ante resolution fund contribution and €19m to two quarters of the ex-ante DGS contribution
- 1H16 operating expenses excluding regulatory levies increased by €18m to €285m compared to 1H15 (+7%). This increase was mainly due to costs to facilitate the increased mortgage production, improve the operational effectiveness and control framework and to comply with the supervisory and regulatory framework. This trend was already visible in 2H15
- 1H16 operating expenses included €17m provisioning charges related to the expected compensation under the Recovery Framework pertaining to SME Interest Derivatives. However, the impact of these charges was more than compensated by a release of other non-credit risk related provisions

Net release of loan provisions; strong decline in mortgages in arrears

Loan impairment charges

In € millions	1H15	2H15	1H16
Retail mortgage loans	34		-40
SME loans	10	3	-3
Other	1	-13	-2
Total loan impairment charges	45	-10	-45

Loan impairments charges (% average loans)



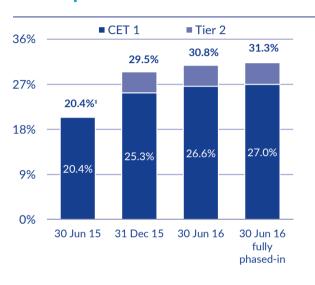
Retail mortgage loans (ratios)

	1H15	2H15	1H16
Loans in arrears % gross loans	4.0%	2.9%	2.0%
Impaired ratio	2.8%	2.0%	1.4%
Loan loss reserves % gross loans	0.69%	0.57%	0.39%
Coverage ratio	20.7%	22.5%	21.4%
Average LtV	85%	83%	82%

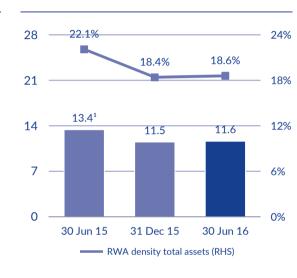
- Sharp improvement of impairments on retail mortgages and SME loans, positively impacted by a decrease in loans in default due to a high level of recoveries and a low inflow, positive macro-economic developments and improvements in arrears management. In addition, rising residential house prices contributed to a surplus on foreclosures
- Decrease retail mortgages in arrears (from 1 day overdue) from €1.3bn to €0.9bn, 2.0% of gross loans. Impaired default loans decreased from €0.9bn to €0.6bn, 1.4% of gross loans (impaired ratio)

Further improvement of capital ratios in 1H16

Total capital ratio



Risk weighted assets (€bn; LHS)



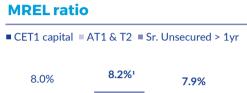
Leverage ratio

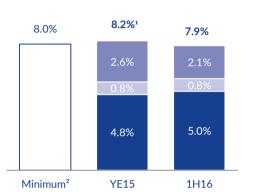


- As of 2016, the minimum CET1 capital requirement of SNS Bank is 12.0%, which is made up of a 11.75% SREP capital requirement as from 1 January 2016 (including the capital conservation buffer) and a 0.25% O-SII buffer. The O-SII will increase by 0.25% per annum to 1% in 2019
- In 1H16, the CET 1 ratio improved to 26.6% mainly due to the termination of a credit facility provided to SRH NV
- RWA increased to €11.6bn compared to €11.5bn YE15, mainly driven by the impact of an update of the IRB model (estimated €0.7bn), partly offset by the impact of improved economic circumstances
- The leverage ratio rose to 4.8%, mainly driven by an increase of CET1 capital, partly offset by growth of the balance sheet

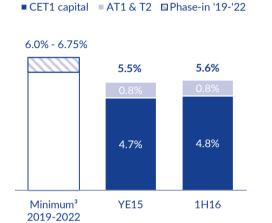
[1] Stand-alone

SNS Bank well positioned to meet MREL/TLAC requirements



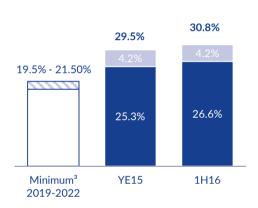


TLAC non-risk weighted



TLAC risk weighted



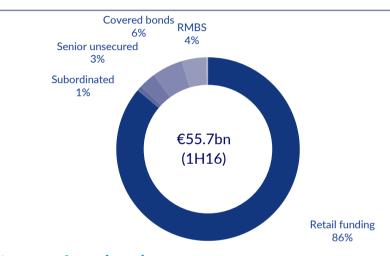


- Including all MREL-eligible liabilities, the non-risk weighted MREL ratio amounts to 7.9%
- Going forward, resolution authorities may require that the bail-in buffer is filled up only with MREL eligible liabilities subordinated to ordinary unsecured liabilities. The non-risk weighted MREL ratio including only eligible liabilities subordinated to unsecured liabilities amounts to 5.8%
- Although TLAC is not yet applicable to SNS Bank, however it may become applicable to domestic systemically important banks
- TLAC is currently composed of CET1 capital and Tier 2 capital. Based on the capital position at 1H16, the non-risk weighted TLAC amounts to 5.6% and the risk-weighted TLAC equals 30.8%
- SNS Bank monitors developments closely and plans to strengthen and diversify its capital structure accordingly

[1] As per June 2016, the calculation of the numerator of the MREL ratio changed (comparative figures as of YE15 have also been restated, resulting in a decrease by 0.5% from 8.7% to 8.2%) [2] The definitive institution specific MREL is expected to be set by the regulator at the end of 2016 together with an appropriate transitional period [3] Final TLAC requirement may deviate from current assumption. TLAC risk weighted includes O-SII buffer and capital conservation buffer

Funding & liquidity

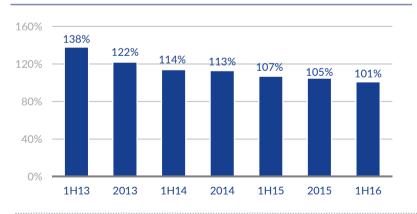
Funding mix



Liquidity position

In € millions	2014	1H15	2015	1H16
Cash	2,537	3,729	2,142	2,866
Sovereigns	4,033	3,637	3,762	2,746
Regional/local governments & supranationals	540	600	702	719
Other liquid assets	215	360	413	294
Eligible retained RMBS	6,220	5,780	4,812	4,344
Total liquidity position	13,545	14,106	11,831	10,969

Loan to deposit ratio



- Further increase in retail funding in 1H16 (84% YE15)
- Further decrease in Loan-to-Deposit ratio to 101%
- Liquidity position remained high
- LCR and NSFR well above 100%

Outlook 2H16

- The low interest rate environment will continue to impact the mortgage market, translating into fierce competition from pension funds and insurance companies, a high customer demand for longer term interest fixed-rate mortgages and a high level of (early) renewals, including interest rate averaging. This may impact both the pricing and size of our mortgage loan portfolio. As a consequence, pressure on net interest income is expected to persist
- We aim to contain operating costs comparable to 1H16
- Compared to 1H16, which was positively impacted by releases of provisions, we expect a net charge from loan impairments in 2H16. Due to the ongoing recovery of defaults, a limited inflow of defaults and an expected constant level of outflow and foreclosures in 2H16, it is expected that the number of defaults will be significantly lower by the end of 2016. As a result, we expect that impairment charges will remain low in 2H16, at a level below 10bps of gross outstanding loans
- We expect regulatory levies for the full year 2016 to arrive at approximately €46m
- We will press ahead with the implementation of our strategic plan by improving our operational efficiency, resulting in a lower cost base, and by implementing targeted and timely technological innovations
- We remain committed to translate our vision on people-oriented, social and sustainable banking into useful products and services, leading to a further improvement of our customer experience

Key take-aways 1H16

- We launched several new initiatives and continued to develop previous ones to put our ambition to be a people-oriented, social and sustainable bank into practice
- Continued growth of current account customers
- Sharp increase in new mortgage production (+67% YoY); retail mortgage portfolio virtually stable at €45.0bn compared to YE15
- Slightly lower but solid adjusted net profit of €193m
- Strong decline in mortgages in arrears, leading to a net release of loan provisions
- Strong capital and liquidity position
- SNS Bank is well positioned to achieve its strategic plan in the next few years. Execution requires two to three years to achieve optimal long-term value creation
- Execution of SNS Bank's strategic plan does not exclude any future options regarding the ownership of our bank

Questions and Tanswers

5 Additional slides

Summary P&L

n € millions	2014	2015	1H13	2H13	1H14	2H14	1H15	2H15	
Net interest income	1,024	994	460	497	491	533	515	479	
Net fee and commission income	44	48	28	22	24	20	24	24	
Other income	31	84	156	(114)	23	8	96	(12)	
Total income	1,099	1,125	644	399	538	561	635	490	
Impairment charges	207	37	94	130	81	126	44	(7)	
Impairment charges goodwill	67					67			
Total operating expenses	491	590	267	255	241	250	266	324	
Other expenses	83	22		8	51	32		22	
Total expenses	848	649	361	393	373	475	310	339	
Result before tax	251	475	283	6	165	86	325	151	
Taxation	100	128	68	37	54	46	81	47	
Net result	151	348	215	(31)	111	40	244	104	
One-off items	(143)	(13)	20	(99)	(43)	(100)	47	(34)	
Adjusted net result	294	335	195	68	154	140	197	138	
Ratios									
Efficiency ratio	44.7%	51.2%	41.5%	63.9%	44.8%	44.6%	42.0%	62.9%	5
Operating expenses/ average assets	0.69%	0.88%	0.67%	0.67%	0.67%	0.73%	0.80%	0.96%	0
NII/ average assets	1.43%	1.52%	1.16%	1.30%	1.37%	1.56%	1.54%	1.50%	1
Retail impairments/ retail mortgages	0.31%	0.07%	0.29%	0.43%	0.28%	0.34%	0.15%	0.00%	-(
RoE	5.4%	11.1%	20.7%	-2.5%	8.0%	2.7%	16.0%	6.5%	1
Adjusted RoE	10.6%	10.7%	18.8%	5.6%	11.4%	9.7%	12.9%	8.6%	1

Summary balance sheet

In € millions	31-12-2013	30-6-2014	31-12-2014	30-6-2015	31-12-2015	30-06-2016
Total assets	74,537	68,633	68,159	65,327	62,690	64,408
Cash and cash equivalents	5,528	2,693	1,968	3,913	2,259	3,110
Loans and advances to banks	6,063	2,537	2,604	2,402	2,081	3,333
Loans and advances to customers	53,405	53,550	52,834	49,705	49,217	48,697
Derivatives	2,484	2,661	2,702	2,198	1,993	1,864
Investments	5,657	5,888	7,001	6,055	6,376	6,646
Property and equipment	52	54	86	80	77	74
Intangible assets	89	84	15	12	15	14
Deferred tax assets	507	412	450	309	284	367
Corporate income tax	208	275	66	36		
Other assets	544	479	284	430	278	303
Assets held for sale			149	187	110	
Total liabilities and equity	74,537	68,633	68,159	65,327	62,690	64,408
Savings	33,276	36,269	35,666	37,277	36,860	37,666
Other amounts due to customers	10,628	10,249	10,542	10,344	10,580	11,482
Amounts due to customers	43,904	46,518	46,208	47,621	47,440	49,148
Amounts due to banks	7,457	2,915	2,099	1,587	1,000	1,522
Debt certificates	16,439	12,077	11,252	9,027	6,941	6,008
Derivatives	2,670	3,080	3,266	2,507	2,189	2,536
Deferred tax liabilities	174	239	287	217	216	282
Corporate income tax						90
Other liabilities	1,205	884	1,971	1,074	11	808
Other provisions	66	58	55	54	955	53
Provision for employee benefits				17	23	24
Participation certificates and subordinated debt	40	40	40		493	505
Liabilities held for sale			18	75	37	
Shareholders' equity	2,582	2,822	2,963	3,148	3,302	3,432

Key items balance sheet

In € millions	31 Dec 15	30 Jun 16	Δ ΥοΥ
Total assets	62,690	64,408	+3%
Loans and advances to customers	49,217	48,697	-1%
- of which retail mortgage loans	44,787	44,786	
- of which retail other loans	184	178	-3%
- of which SME loans	990	895	-10%
- of which other, including (semi-) public sector loans	3,256	2,838	-13%
Loans and advances to banks	2,081	3,333	+60%
Investments	6,376	6,646	+4%
Amounts due to customers	47,440	49,148	+4%
- of which retail savings	36,860	37,666	+2%
- of which other amounts due to customers	10,580	11,482	+9%
Amounts due to banks	1,000	1,522	+52%
Debt certificates	6,941	6,008	-13%
Shareholders' equity	3,302	3,432	+4%

Comments

- Balance sheet total increased by € 1.7bn to € 64.4bn vs YE15
- Loans and advances to banks increased by €1.3bn to €3.3bn due to higher cash loans as part of liquidity management and an increase in cash collateral
- Investments increased to € 6.6bn as part of liquidity management
- Retail savings increased by €0.8bn to €37.7bn of which €0.4bn due to annual interest accrual in January
- Other amounts due to customers increased by €0.9bn mainly due to higher current account balances
- Amounts due to banks increased to €1.5bn due to repo transactions for cash management purposes
- Debt certificates decreased by €0.9bn mainly due to redemption of debt certificates issued under the Hermes XII securitisation programme
- Shareholders' equity increased to €3.4bn due to net profit retention (+€181m) and an increase of the fair value reserve fixed-income portfolio (+€56m), partly offset by a €100m dividend payout and a decrease of the cash flow hedge reserve

SNS Bank: Quality of retail mortgage loans

Retail mortgage loans

in € millions	2H14	1H15	2H15	1H16
Gross loans	46,556	45,822	45,044	44,960
Loans in arrears	2,014	1,826	1,317	887
Non-default loans	657	564	396	270
Impaired default loans	1,357	1,262	921	617
Specific provision	266	261	207	132
IBNR provision	60	53	50	42
Total provision	326	314	257	174
Impairment charges	80	34		-40
Additions	75	81	16	32
Write-offs	55	47	61	49
Loans in arrears (%)	4.3%	4.0%	2.9%	2.0%
Impaired ratio	2.9%	2.8%	2.0%	1.4%
Coverage ratio ¹	19.6%	20.7%	22.5%	21.4%
Total provision as a % of loans in arrears	16.2%	17.2%	19.5%	19.6%
Total provision as a % of gross loans	0.70%	0.69%	0.57%	0.39%
Impairment charges as a % of avg. gross loans	0.34%	0.15%	0.00%	-0.18%

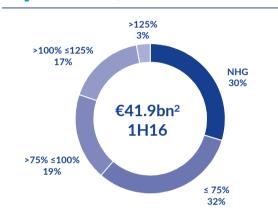
^[1] Specific provision as a % of impaired default loans

Retail mortgage portfolio

Retail mortgages ...by redemption type,



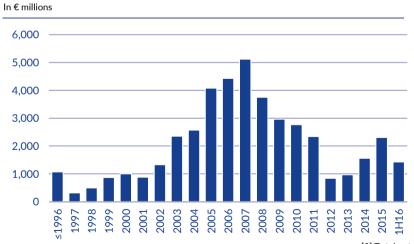
...by LtV bucket,



...and by interest type



Retail mortgages by year of origination



- Approximately half of the total interest-only mortgages consisted of 100% interest-only mortgages at 30 June 2016 (31% of the total mortgage portfolio)
- 30% of the total mortgage portfolio is covered by NHG (National Mortgage Guarantee)
- New mortgage production in Dutch market is trending towards longer maturities
- The origination of SNS Bank's mortgage portfolio is tilted towards the period 2005-2008

[1] Total net retail mortgage loans (\in 44.8bn) +/+ provision (\in 0.2) -/- IFRS value adjustments (\in 0.9bn) [2] Total net retail mortgage loans (\in 44.8bn) +/+ provision (\in 0.2m) -/- IFRS value adjustments (\in 0.9bn), savings parts (\in 2.1bn)

SNS Bank: Quality of retail other loans

Retail other loans

in € millions	2H14	1H15	2H15	1H16
Gross loans	268	225	219	207
Loans in arrears	85	78	61	48
Non-default loans	15	12	13	4
Impaired default loans	70	66	48	44
Specific provision	52	50	33	28
IBNR provision	3	2	2	1
Total provision	55	52	35	29
Impairment charges	14	1	3	-2
Additions	14	3	5	2
Write-offs	3	4	20	4
Loans in arrears (%)	31.7%	34.7%	27.9%	23.2%
Impaired ratio	26.1%	29.3%	21.9%	21.3%
Coverage ratio ¹	74.3%	75.8%	68.8%	63.6%
Total provision as a % of loans in arrears	31.7%	66.7%	57.4%	60.4%
Total provision as a % of gross loans	20.5%	23.1%	16.0%	23.2%
Impairment charges as a % of avg. gross loans	10.4%	0.8%	2.7%	-1.9%

Retail other loans is a non-selling portfolio

[1] Specific provision as a % of impaired default loans

SNS Bank: Quality of SME loans

SME loans

in € millions	2H14	1H15	2H15	1H16
Gross loans	1,164	1,128	1,089	977
Loans in arrears	204	207	178	164
Non-default loans	-	-	-	-
Impaired default loans	204	207	178	164
Specific provision	123	118	95	79
IBNR provision	6	7	4	3
Total provision	129	125	99	82
Impairment charges	30	10	-13	-3
Additions	37	12	12	7
Write-offs	10	13	14	14
Loans in arrears (%)	17.5%	18.4%	16.3%	16.8%
Impaired ratio	17.5%	18.4%	16.3%	16.8%
Coverage ratio ¹	60.3%	57.0%	53.4%	48.2%
Total provision as a % of loans in arrears	63.2%	60.4%	55.6%	50.0%
Total provision as a % of gross loans	11.1%	11.1%	16.3%	8.4%
Impairment charges as a % of avg. gross loans	5.09%%	1.71%	-2.27%	-0.68%

[1] Specific provision as a % of impaired default loans

SNS Bank investment portfolio

Breakdown portfolio (sector)

in € billions	2015	%	1H16	%
Sovereigns	5.0	78%	5.4	80%
Financials	0.9	15%	0.6	10%
Corporates	0.5	7%	0.6	10%
Other	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Total	6.4¹	100%	6.6	100%
- of which liquidity portfolio	5.6		5.6	
- of which deposits	0.7		1.4	
- of which trading portfolio	0.1		0.0	

Breakdown portfolio (maturity)

in € billions	2015	%	1H16	%
< 3 months	0.6	10%	1.1	17%
< 1 year	0.3	5%	0.3	5%
< 3 years	0.9	13%	0.8	12%
< 5 years	1.1	17%	0.6	9%
< 10 years	2.8	44%	2.9	44%
< 15 years	0.2	3%	0.5	7%
>15 years	0.5	8%	0.4	6%
Total	6.41	100%	6.6	100%

Breakdown portfolio (rating)

in € billions	2015	%	1H16	%
AAA	3.3	51%	3.1	47%
AA	2.4	37%	2.2	34%
A	0.6	10%	1.2	18%
BBB	0.1	2%	0.1	1%
< BBB	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
No rating	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Total	6.4 ¹	100%	6.6	100%

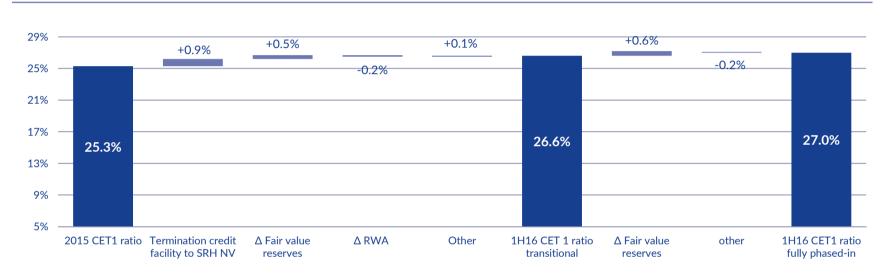
Breakdown portfolio (geographic)

in € millions	2015	%	1H16	%
Netherlands	1,684	26%	1,433	26%
Germany	1,504	23%	1,236	23%
Other ²	1,347	18%	1,957	18%
France	1,098	17%	1,128	17%
Belgium	596	11%	703	11%
Italy	113	4%	62	4%
Ireland	97	2%	105	2%
Spain	2	0%	0	0%
Total	6,441¹	100%	6,624	100%

[1] Includes SNS Securities investment portfolio (included in assets held for sale) [2] Other mainly consists of Japan, Switzerland, Czech Republic, Austria and Luxembourg

Improvement capital position

Development CET 1 ratio



SNS BANK N.V.









